UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION OF JUDGES

RICHMOND DISTRICT NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER

and Case: 20-CA-091748

IAN CALLAGHAN, An Individual

Yasmin Macariola, Esq. for the General Counsel.

Nicole L. Meredith, Esq. (Vogl, Meredith Burke LLP) for the Respondent.

DECISION

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Jay R. Pollack, Administrative Law Judge: I heard this case in trial at San Francisco, California, on July 23, 2013. On October 19, 2012, Ian Callaghan (Callaghan) filed the charge alleging that Richmond District Neighborhood Center (Respondent or the Employer) committed certain violations of Section 8(a)(1) of the National Labor Relations Act (the Act). The charge was amended on December 4, 2012, and January 14.2013. The Regional Director for Region 20 of the National Labor Relations Board issued a complaint and notice of hearing on May 29, 2013, against Respondent alleging that Respondent violated Section 8(a) (1) of the Act. An amended complaint issued on July 9, 2013. Respondent filed timely answers to the complaints, denying all wrongdoing.

All parties have been afforded full opportunity to appear, to introduce relevant evidence, to examine and cross-examine witnesses, and to file briefs. Upon the entire record, from my observation of the demeanor of the witnesses, and having considered the post hearing briefs of the parties, I make the following.

¹ The credibility resolutions herein have been derived from a review of the entire testimonial record and exhibits, with due regard for the logic of probability, the demeanor of the witnesses, and the teachings of *NLRB v. Walton Manufacturing Company*, 369 U.S. 404, 408 (1962). As to those witnesses testifying in contradiction to the findings herein, their testimony has been discredited, either as having been in conflict with credited documentary or testimonial evidence or because it was in and of itself incredible and unworthy of belief.

FINDINGS OF FACT

I. Jurisdiction

Respondent, a California non-profit corporation, with a principal place of business in San Francisco, California, has been engaged in the operation of community programs including after school and summer programs for youth. During the twelve months prior to the issuance of the complaint, Respondent received gross revenues in excess of \$250,000. During the same period of time, Respondent purchased and received goods valued in excess of \$5,000 which originated outside of California. Accordingly, Respondent admits and I find that Respondent is an employer engaged in commerce within the meaning of Section 2(2), (6), and (7) of the Act.

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II. The Alleged Unfair Labor Practices

A. Background and Issues

Respondent is a non-profit corporation that develops and provides high quality youth, adult, and family programs that address critical community needs. One of these programs provides after school activities for high school students in the Beacon Teen Center space located at George Washington high school in the Richmond District of San Francisco. Ian Callaghan, the Charging Party, and Kenya Moore worked for Respondent at the Beacon Teen Center. General Counsel contends that Respondent discharged Callaghan and Moore because they engaged in protected concerted activities. Respondent contends that Callaghan and Moore were not engaged in concerted activities and that their conduct was not protected.

B. Facts

Callaghan worked as a teen activity leader. Moore was the teen center program leader. On July 30, 2012, Callaghan was sent a rehire letter as a teen activity leader. Moore was demoted and sent a rehire letter as a teen activity leader and not as teen center program leader.

In May, 2012, the teen center employees had a staff meeting at which supervisor Rena Payan asked the employees to fill out evaluations regarding her job performance. She the instructed the staff to fill out a large piece of butcher block paper regarding the pros and cons of working for Respondent. The teen center employees wrote down issues such as: feeling unappreciated, not having enough time to create quality programs; lack of supervision: feeling directionless; having problems with transparency with the office staff especially regarding the budget; not knowing how much money they were allowed to spend on projects; their ideas being ignored; feeling mistreated; and high worker turnover during the school year which the youth complained about and made their jobs difficult. Callaghan attempted to set up a follow-up meeting but was rebuffed. Callaghan testified that after the May meeting the office staff turned a cold shoulder to the teen center employees.

On August 2, 2012, Moore contacted Callaghan through Facebook. This was the first and only Facebook conversation Callaghan had with Moore since he had worked with her during the last school year. Callaghan was Facebook friends with Moore, employee Sarah Godfrey and manager Alexandria Tom. Callaghan was also Facebook friends with former student Chloe

Garabato. who left the program when she graduated from high school. At that time, Callaghan's Facebook page was set to "just my friends" and was not public.

The Facebook conversation, which resulted in the withdrawal of the rehire letters to Callaghan and Moore, stated the following:

Moore: U goin' back or no??

<u>Callaghan:</u> I'll be back, but only if you and I are going to be ordering shit, having crazy events at the Beacon all the time. I don't want to ask permission, I just want to be LIVE. You down?

Aug.2 at 7:23pm

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Moore: I'm goin''' to be a activity leader I'm not doing the t.c. [sic] let them figure it out and they start loosin' kids I ain't help'n HAHA Aug. 2 at 7:25pm

<u>Callaghan:</u> ha ha ha. Sweet. Now you gonna be one of us. Let them do the numbers, and we'll take advantage, play music loud, get artists to come in and teach kids how to graffiti up the walls and make it look cool, get some good food. I don't feel like being their bitch and making it all happy-friendly middle school campy. Let's do some cool shit, and let them figure out the money. No more Sean. Let's fuck it up. I would hate to be the person taking your old job.

Aug 2 at 7:29 pm

<u>Moore</u>: I'm glad I'm done with that its to much and never appreciated so we just go be have fun doing activities and the best part is WE CAN LEAVE NOW hahaha I AINT GON BE NEVER BE THERE even tho [sic] shawn gone its still hella stuck up ppl there that don't appreciate nothing.

Aug 2 at 7:32pm

<u>Callaghan:</u> You right. They don't appreciate shit. That's why this year all I wanna do is shit on my own. Have parties all year and not get the office people involved. Just do it and pretend thay [sic] are not there. I'm glad you aren't doing that job. Let some office junkie enter data into a computer. Well make the beacon pop this year with no ones help.

Aug 2 at 7:40pm

Moore: They gone be mad cuz on Wednesday I'm goin' there add tell them my title is ACTIVITY LEADER don't ask me nothing about the teen center HAHA we gone have hella clubs and take the kids☺

Aug 2 at 7:45pm

Callaghan: hahaha! Fuck em. Field trips all the time to wherever the fuck we want!

Aug 2 at 7:48 pm

Moore: U fuck'n right see you Wednesday

Aug 2 at 7:49pm

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<u>Callaghan:</u> I won't be there Wednesday. I'm outta town. But I'll be back to raise hell wit ya. Don't worry. Whatever happens I got your back too. Aug 2 at 7:56pm

10 <u>Chloe Garabato:</u> WTF!! As soon as I leave you guys want to hella fun as shit I can't be there!! HELLA MEAN!!!

Aug 2 at 8:16 pm

15 **Moore:** U can come why you can't

Aug 2 at 8:18 pm

Chloe Garabato: Because I'll have school. And I'm trying to work during school too.

If you can get me a job working with you guys, I'm there for sure!!! Aha.

Aug 2 at 8:22pm

Moore: You see what we go thru we there for the kids I don't know about everybody else

Aug 2 at 8:25pm

<u>Callaghan:</u> It's all for the kids. You gotta come in and visit. Everyone is invited.

Aug 2 at 9:47pm

On August 3, 2012, Sarah Huck, family program coordinator, sent screenshots of Callaghan's and Moore's Facebook conversation to her supervisor Brock Ogletree and Beacon Director Michelle Cusano. Cusano then sent an e-mail to human resources manager Jan Nicholas requesting that Callaghan and Moore not be rehired. Nicholas, Cusano and executive director Pat Kaussen decided to terminate the two employees on August 6. On August 13, 2012, Respondent sent Callaghan and Moore letters rescinding their rehire offers, citing concerns based on their Facebook conversation that the employees would not follow directions of their manager and could endanger the youth.

C. Respondent's Defense

Respondent contends that Callaghan and Moore were not looking toward group action or seeking to initiate action in concert with other employees. Respondent further contends that Callaghan and Moore were discharged for insubordination.

D. The Discharges

Pursuant to Section 7 of the Act, employees have the right to engage in concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection. Employees having no bargaining representative and no established procedure for presenting their grievances may take action to spotlight their complaint and obtain a remedy. *NLRB v. Washington Aluminum Co.*, 370 U.S. 9, 12–15 (1962). Accordingly, an employer may not, without violating Section 8(a) (1) of the Act, discipline or otherwise threaten, restrain, or coerce employees because they engage in protected concerted activities.

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The Act protects employees who engage in individual action which is "engaged in with the objective of initiating or inducing group action." *Mushroom Transportation Co. v. NLRB*, 330 F.3d 683, 685 (3d Cir. 1964); *Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp. v. NLRB*, 407 F.2d 1357, 1365 (4th Cir. 1969). Moreover, an employee need not first solicit other employees' views for his activity to be concerted. See *Whittaker Corp.*, 289 NLRB at 933-934 (employee was engaged in concerted activity where, not having had a chance to meet with any employee beforehand, he made a comment in protest as a spontaneous reaction to the employer's announcement that no annual wage increase would be forthcoming). See also *Enterprise Products*, 264 NLRB at 949-950; *Cibao Meat Products*, 338 NLRB at 934. The Board's test for concerted activity is whether the activity is "engaged in, with or on the authority of other employees, and not solely by and on behalf of the employee himself. *Myers II*, 281 NLRB 882 (1986). The question is a factual one and the Board will find concert "when the record evidence demonstrates group activities, whether 'specifically authorized' in a formal agency sense or otherwise." Id at 886.

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In their May meeting, Callaghan, Moore and the other employees were engaged in protected activity when they listed their concerns with Respondent's program. They acted in concert when listing their concerns and presenting them to supervision. General Counsel argues that Callaghan's and Moore's Facebook conversation were a continuation of the complaints made in the May meeting.

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In the Facebook conversation, the two employees continued to discuss the complaints that Respondent's office staff viewed the teen center employees as "line workers", the office staff's lack of appreciation for the teen center staff, and Respondent's failure to respond to employees' concerns. Further, the employees discussed Moore's demotion.

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I find that these two employees were engaged in concerted activity when voicing their disagreement with management's running of the teen center. The Board finds concerted activities where employees discuss shared concerns among themselves prior to any specific plan to engage in group action since such discussions generally precedes, and, are precursors to group action. . *Myers II*, 281 NLRB 882 at 887(1986).

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The issue is whether the remarks of Callaghan and Moore were protected under the Act. When an employee is discharged for conduct that is part of the *res gestae* of protected activities, the question is whether the conduct is so egregious as to take it outside the protection of the Act, or of such character as to render the employee unfit for further service. *Dickens, Inc,* 352 NLRB 667, 672 (2008); *Caval Tool Division, Chromalloy Gas Turbine Corporation*, 331 NLRB 858, 863 (2000); *Consumers Power Company*, 282 NLRB at 132; *Fitch Baking Company*, 232 NLRB

772 (1977). Employees are permitted some leeway for impulsive behavior when engaged in concerted activity, as the language of the shop is not the language of polite society. *Dries & Crump Manufacturing*, 221 NLRB 309, 315 (1975) *Phoenix Transit System*, 337 NLRB 510, 514 (2002) (even most repulsive speech enjoys immunity provided it falls short of deliberate or reckless untruth; federal law gives license to use intemperate, abusive or insulting language without fear of restraint or penalty if the speaker believes such rhetoric to be an effective means to make a point) Protection is not denied to an employee regardless of the lack of merit or inaccuracy of the employee's statements, absent deliberate falsity or maliciousness, even where the employee's language is stinging and harsh. *CKS Tool & Engineering, Inc. of Bad Axe*, 332 NLRB 1578, 1586 (2000); *Delta Health Center, Inc.*, 310 NLRB 26 (1991).

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Respondent contends that the Facebook conversation engaged in by Callaghan and Moore was not protected under the Act. Respondent argues that the Facebook comments were detrimental to the teen center's eligibility for grants and other funding. Callaghan stated that he would have crazy events and not seek permission. He stated he would play loud music and get artists to place graffiti on the walls. He stated he would do some "cool shit" and let Respondent figure it out. Callaghan also stated he would have parties all year and field trips all the time.

Moore stated "when they start loosn kid I aint helpin." She stated they would have fun and that she would never be there. Finally she stated that she would have 'clubs' and take the kids.

Respondent receives grants and other funding from the government and private donors. It is accountable to the middle schools and high schools that it services. Respondent believed that the Facebook comments jeopardized the program's funding and the safety of the youth it serves. Respondent was concerned that its funding agencies and the parents of its students would see the Facebook remarks. I find that Respondent could lawfully conclude that the actions proposed in the Facebook conversation were not protected under the Act and that the employees were unfit for further service.

Accordingly, I shall recommend that the complaint be dismissed.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Respondent is an employer engaged in commerce within the meaning of Section 2(2), (6), and (7) of the Act.
 - 2. Respondent did not violate Section 8(a)(1) of the Act by withdrawing the rehire offers to Callaghan and Moore in August 2012.

On these findings of fact and conclusions of law and on the entire record, I issue the following recommended.²

² If no exceptions are filed as provided by Sec. 102.46 of the Board's Rules and Regulations, the findings, conclusions, and recommended Order shall, as provided in Sec. 102.48 of the Rules, be adopted by the Board and all objections to them shall be deemed waived for all purposes.

ORDER

The Complaint should be dismissed.

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Dated, Washington, D.C. November 5, 2013

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Jay R. Pollack Administrative Law Judge

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